

# Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

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Test results for the 935 problems in "7.4.2 Exponentials of inverse hyperbolic cotangent functions.m"

Problem 14: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 14 leaves, 4 steps) :

$$-\operatorname{Log}[x]+2 \operatorname{Log}[1-a x]$$

Result (type 3, 29 leaves) :

$$-\operatorname{Log}\left[1-e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right]-\operatorname{Log}\left[1+e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right]$$

Problem 46: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 13 leaves, 4 steps) :

$$-\operatorname{Log}[x]+2 \operatorname{Log}[1+a x]$$

Result (type 3, 29 leaves) :

$$-\operatorname{Log}\left[1-e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right]-\operatorname{Log}\left[1+e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right]$$

Problem 64: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 291 leaves, 17 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + \\
& 2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 87 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 65: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 267 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} - \frac{a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \\
& \frac{a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{2 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{2 \sqrt{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 70 leaves):

$$a \left( \frac{2 e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right] \right)$$

Problem 66: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 319 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{5/4}}{4 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a x}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a x}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 7, 85 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{16} a^2 \left( \frac{8 e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (1 + 5 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]})}{(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]})^2} - \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right]\right)$$

Problem 67: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 356 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\frac{3}{8} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4} + \frac{1}{12} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{5/4} +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{5/4}}{3 x} - \frac{3 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{3 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} +$$

$$\frac{3 a^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a x}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{3 a^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a x}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 7, 93 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{96} a^3 \left( \frac{8 e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (9 + 6 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} + 29 e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]})}{(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]})^3} + \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right]\right)$$

### Problem 73: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 291 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + \\ & 2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 87 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \\ & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1} \&\right] \end{aligned}$$

### Problem 74: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 268 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & a \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} - \frac{3 a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3 a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \\ & \frac{3 a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{2 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{3 a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{2 \sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 68 leaves):

$$a \left( \frac{2 e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}} + \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1} \&\right] \right)$$

### Problem 75: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 319 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{4} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/4} - \frac{9 a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} + \\ & \frac{9 a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{9 a^2 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{8 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{9 a^2 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{8 \sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 84 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & a^2 \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] \left(3 + 7 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right)}{2 \left(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right)^2} + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{9}{16} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] - 2 \log\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1} \&\right]\right) \end{aligned}$$

### Problem 76: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 356 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{17}{24} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} + \frac{1}{4} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/4} + \\ & \frac{a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/4}}{3x} - \frac{17 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{17 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} - \\ & \frac{17 a^3 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{16 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{17 a^3 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{16 \sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 93 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{96} a^3 \left( \frac{8 e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (17 + 30 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} + 45 e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})}{(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})^3} + \right.$$

$$\left. 51 \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1} \&\right] \right)$$

**Problem 82:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 320 leaves, 19 steps):

$$-\frac{8 \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] -$$

$$\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 7, 97 leaves):

$$-8 e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] +$$

$$\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right]$$

**Problem 83:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 299 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -5 a \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4} - \frac{4 a \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{5/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}} + \frac{5 a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \\
& \frac{5 a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{5 a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}{1 + \frac{1}{a x}}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{5 a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}{1 + \frac{1}{a x}}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 80 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left( -8 e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} - \frac{2 e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}} - \right. \\
& \left. \frac{5}{4} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 84: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 351 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{25}{4} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4} - \frac{5}{2} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{5/4} - \\
& \frac{2 a^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{9/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}} + \frac{25 a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{25 a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} - \\
& \frac{25 a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}{1 + \frac{1}{a x}}}}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{25 a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}{1 + \frac{1}{a x}}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 94 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& a^2 \left( -\frac{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x] \left(25 + 45 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} + 16 e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right)}{2 \left(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right)^2} - \right. \\
& \left. \frac{25}{16} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

### Problem 85: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 385 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{55}{8} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} - \frac{11}{4} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{5/4} - \frac{2 a^3 \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{9/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} - \\ & \frac{1}{3} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{9/4} + \frac{55 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{55 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} - \\ & \frac{55 a^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{55 a^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 104 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & a^3 \left( - \left( \left( e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (165 + 462 e^2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 425 e^4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 96 e^6 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]) \right) \right) / \right. \\ & \left. \left( 12 (1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})^3 \right) - \frac{55}{32} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \& \right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

### Problem 91: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 291 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + \\ & 2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 85 leaves):

$$2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right]-\operatorname{Log}\left[1-e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right]+\operatorname{Log}\left[1+e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right]-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1+\#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]+2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}-\#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right]$$

**Problem 92:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 268 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -a \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} - \frac{a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \\ & \frac{a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 70 leaves):

$$a \left( -\frac{2 e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{1 + e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}} - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1+\#1^4 \&, \frac{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]-2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}-\#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right] \right)$$

**Problem 93:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 319 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{5/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} - \\ & \frac{a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 81 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{16} a^2 \left( \frac{8 e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (5 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})}{(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})^2} - \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right] \& \right)$$

**Problem 94: Result is not expressed in closed-form.**

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 356 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{3}{8} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} - \frac{1}{12} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{5/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} + \\ & \frac{a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{5/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4}}{3x} - \frac{3 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8\sqrt{2}} - \\ & \frac{3 a^3 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+ax}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}\right]}{16\sqrt{2}} + \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 93 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{96} a^3 \left( -\frac{8 e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (29 + 6 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} + 9 e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})}{(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})^3} + \right. \\ & \left. 9 \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right] \& \right) \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 100: Result is not expressed in closed-form.**

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 291 leaves, 17 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + \\ & 2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 85 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \\ & \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1} \&\right] \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 101:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 269 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -a \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} - \frac{3a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \\ & \frac{\frac{3a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{3a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{2\sqrt{2}}}{2\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 68 leaves):

$$a \left( -\frac{2 e^{-\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{1 + e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}} + \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1} \&\right] \right)$$

**Problem 102:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 319 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{4 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{9 a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} -$$

$$\frac{9 a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{9 a^2 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{9 a^2 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 7, 84 leaves):

$$a^2 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] (7 + 3 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})}{2 (1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})^2} - \frac{9}{16} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \log\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1} \&\right]\right)$$

Problem 103: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 356 leaves, 15 steps):

$$-\frac{17}{24} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} - \frac{1}{4} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} +$$

$$\frac{a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{3 x} - \frac{17 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{17 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} +$$

$$\frac{17 a^3 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{17 a^3 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2}}$$

Result (type 7, 93 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{96} a^3 \left( -\frac{8 e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (45 + 30 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} + 17 e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})}{(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})^3} + \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \log\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1} \&\right]\right)$$

### Problem 109: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 320 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{8 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} - \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + \\ & \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right] - \\ & \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 99 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & -8 e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] + \\ & \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right] \end{aligned}$$

### Problem 110: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 299 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4 a \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{5/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} + 5 a \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} + \frac{5 a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} - \\ & \frac{5 a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{5 a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{2 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{5 a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right] + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{2 \sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 80 leaves):

$$a \left( 8 e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} + \frac{2 e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{1 + e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}} - \frac{\frac{5}{4} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right]}{1 + e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}} \right)$$

**Problem 111:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 351 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{2 a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{9/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} - \frac{25}{4} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} - \frac{5}{2} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{5/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} - \\ & \frac{25 a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{25 a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4 \sqrt{2}} - \\ & \frac{25 a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{ax}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} + \frac{25 a^2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 94 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & a^2 \left( -\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (16 + 45 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} + 25 e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})}{2 (1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})^2} + \right. \\ & \left. \frac{25}{16} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 112:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 385 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{9/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} + \frac{55}{8} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} + \frac{11}{4} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{5/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} + \\
& \frac{1}{3} a^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{9/4} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/4} + \frac{55 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{55 a^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{8 \sqrt{2}} + \\
& \frac{55 a^3 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+ax}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1+ax}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2}} - \frac{55 a^3 \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{1+ax}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}}{\sqrt{1+ax}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 104 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& a^3 \left( \left( e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (96 + 425 e^2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 462 e^4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 165 e^6 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]) \right) / \right. \\
& \left. \left( 12 (1 + e^2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax])^3 \right) - \frac{55}{32} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 2 \log\left[e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \&\right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 116: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 402 leaves, 25 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 - \frac{2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + \frac{2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + \\
& \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + 2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{2} \log\left[1 + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}} - \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + \frac{1}{2} \log\left[1 + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}} + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + \\
& \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \log\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}} + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3} \log\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}} + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 218 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& -2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] + \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+2 e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] + \\
& \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+2 e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1-e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1+e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] - \\
& \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1-e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}+e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right]+\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}+e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right]+\frac{1}{3} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1-\#1^2+\#1^4 \&, \right. \\
& \left. \frac{1}{- \#1+2 \#1^3}\left(2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]-6 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}-\#1\right]-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] \#1^2+3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}-\#1\right] \#1^2\right)\&\right]
\end{aligned}$$

**Problem 117:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 233 leaves, 14 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{5/6}-\frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3}-\frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right]+\frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3}+\frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right]+ \\
& \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right]+\frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1-\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}+\frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{3}}-\frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1+\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}+\frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{2 \sqrt{3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 116 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2 e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{1+e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}}-\frac{2}{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right]+\frac{1}{9} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1-\#1^2+\#1^4 \&, \right. \\
& \left. \frac{1}{- \#1+2 \#1^3}\left(2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]-6 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}-\#1\right]-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] \#1^2+3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}-\#1\right] \#1^2\right)\&\right]
\end{aligned}$$

**Problem 118:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 260 leaves, 15 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{6} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{5/6} + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{7/6} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{5/6} - \\ & \frac{1}{18} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + \frac{1}{18} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + \\ & \frac{1}{9} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}} + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{12 \sqrt{3}} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}} + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{12 \sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 124 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{54} \left( \frac{18 e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} (1 + 7 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]})}{(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]})^2} - 6 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] + \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 - \#1^2 + \#1^4 \&, \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. \frac{1}{-\#1 + 2 \#1^3} \left(2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] - 6 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] - \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] \#1^2 + 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] \#1^2\right) \& \right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 119: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 287 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{19}{54} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{5/6} + \frac{1}{18} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{7/6} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{5/6} + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{7/6} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{5/6}}{3x} - \\ & \frac{19}{162} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + \frac{19}{162} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\sqrt{3} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + \frac{19}{81} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}}\right] + \\ & \frac{19 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}} + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{108 \sqrt{3}} - \frac{19 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/6}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/6}} + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{108 \sqrt{3}} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 133 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{486} \left( \frac{18 e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} (19 + 8 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]} + 61 e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]})}{(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]})^3} - \right. \\ & 114 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] - 19 \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 - \#1^2 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{1}{-\#1 + 2 \#1^3} \right. \\ & \left. \left. \left( -2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] + 6 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] + \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] \#1^2 - 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] \#1^2\right) \& \right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 123:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 155 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right] - \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right] - \\ & \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3} - \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}\right] - \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{1}{x}\right] - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[x]}{2} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 217 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{6} \left( 4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] + \right. \\ & 3 \left( 2 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1 + 2 e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - 2 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + 2 e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] - \right. \\ & 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] - 2 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} + e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] + \\ & \left. \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} + e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] \right) + 2 \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 - \#1^2 + \#1^4 \&, \right. \\ & \left. \frac{1}{-2 + \#1^2} \left( \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] - 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] + \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] \#1^2 - 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] \#1^2 \right) \& \right] \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 124:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 99 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{2/3} - \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{\sqrt{3}} - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{1}{x}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 112 leaves):

$$\frac{2}{9} \left( \frac{9 e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}} + 2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] - 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] + \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 - \#1^2 + \#1^4 \&, \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \frac{1}{-2 + \#1^2} \left(\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] - 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] + \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] \#1^2 - 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] \#1^2\right) \& \right]$$

**Problem 125:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 130 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{1}{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{2/3} + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{4/3} \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{2/3} -$$

$$\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\sqrt{3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right]}{3 \sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\left(\frac{-1+x}{x}\right)^{1/3}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/3}}\right] - \frac{1}{9} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{1}{x}\right]$$

Result (type 7, 134 leaves):

$$-\frac{2}{27}$$

$$\left( \frac{27 e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{\left(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}\right)^2} - \frac{36 e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}}{1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}} - 2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] + 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}}\right] - \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 - \#1^2 + \#1^4 \&, \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \frac{1}{-2 + \#1^2} \left(\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] - 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] + \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x] \#1^2 - 3 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} - \#1\right] \#1^2\right) \& \right]$$

**Problem 126:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 429 leaves, 19 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{37 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/8} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8} x}{96 a^2} + \frac{3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/8} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8} x^2}{8 a} + \frac{1}{3} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/8} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8} x^3 - \\ & \frac{11 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{64 \sqrt{2} a^3} + \frac{11 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{64 \sqrt{2} a^3} + \frac{11 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{64 a^3} + \\ & \frac{11 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{64 a^3} - \frac{11 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}} + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{128 \sqrt{2} a^3} + \frac{11 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}} + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{128 \sqrt{2} a^3} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 167 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{1536 a^3} \\ & \left( -4 \left( -\frac{1024 e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{\left(-1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right)^3} - \frac{1600 e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{\left(-1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right)^2} - \frac{840 e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{-1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}} - 66 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] + \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. 33 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - 33 \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] \right) - \right. \\ & \left. 33 \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] - 4 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \& \right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 127: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x \, dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 392 leaves, 17 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/8} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8} x}{8 a} + \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/8} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{9/8} x^2 - \\ & \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2} a^2} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{16 \sqrt{2} a^2} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{16 a^2} + \\ & \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{16 a^2} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}} + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{32 \sqrt{2} a^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}} + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{32 \sqrt{2} a^2} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 141 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{128 a^2} \left( -4 \left( -\frac{64 e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{\left(-1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right)^2} - \frac{72 e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{-1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}} - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] \right) - \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] - 4 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \& \right] \right)$$

**Problem 128:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 352 leaves, 16 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/8} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8} x - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2} a} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{2\sqrt{2} a} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{2 a} + \\ & \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]}{2 a} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}} + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4\sqrt{2} a} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}} + \frac{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{4\sqrt{2} a} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 117 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{16 a} \left( -4 \left( -\frac{8 e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{-1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}} - 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] + \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] - \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] \right) - \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] - 4 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^3} \& \right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 129:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 919 leaves, 39 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}-\frac{2\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}\right]-\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}-\frac{2\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}\right]+ \\
& \sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}+\frac{2\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}\right]+\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}+\frac{2\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}\right]- \\
& \sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]+\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[1+\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]+2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]+ \\
& 2 \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]+\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\frac{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}-\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]- \\
& \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\frac{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}+\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]+ \\
& \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\frac{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}-\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]- \\
& \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{Log}\left[1+\frac{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}+\frac{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]- \\
& \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}+\frac{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}+\frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1+\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}+\frac{\left(1+\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1-\frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}\right]}{\sqrt{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 128 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right]-\operatorname{Log}\left[1-e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right]+\operatorname{Log}\left[1+e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right]- \\
& \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1+\#\mathbf{1}^4 \&, \frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]-4 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}-\#\mathbf{1}\right]}{\#\mathbf{1}^3} \&\right]- \\
& \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1+\#\mathbf{1}^8 \&, \frac{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]+4 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}-\#\mathbf{1}\right]}{\#\mathbf{1}^7} \&\right]
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 130: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 676 leaves, 25 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & a \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/8} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8} - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{aArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} - \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}}}\right] - \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{aArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} - \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}}}\right] + \\
 & \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{aArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} + \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}}}\right] + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} \operatorname{aArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} + \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}}}\right] + \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} - \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right] - \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} + \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right] + \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} - \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right] - \\
 & \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} a \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} + \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}\right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 70 leaves):

$$a \left( \frac{2 e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}} - \frac{1}{16} \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1 + \#1^8 \&, \frac{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 4 \operatorname{Log}\left[e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1\right]}{\#1^7} \&\right] \right)$$

**Problem 131:** Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{e^4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 731 leaves, 26 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{8} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/8} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{7/8} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{9/8} - \\
& \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} - \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}}} \right] - \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} - \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}}} \right] + \\
& \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} + \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}}} \right] + \frac{1}{32} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} a^2 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} + \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}}} \right] + \\
& \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} a^2 \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} - \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} a^2 \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} + \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} \right] + \\
& \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} a^2 \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} - \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} \right] - \\
& \frac{1}{64} \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} a^2 \operatorname{Log} \left[ 1 + \frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4} + \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/8}}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1/4}} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 7, 85 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{128} a^2 \left( \frac{32 e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (1 + 9 e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})}{(1 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]})^2} - \right. \\
& \left. \text{RootSum} \left[ 1 + \#1^8 \&, \frac{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] + 4 \operatorname{Log} \left[ e^{\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} - \#1 \right]}{\#1^7} \& \right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 133: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{3 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 151 leaves, 9 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{3 x^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-1-m), \frac{1-m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{1+m} - \frac{x^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{a m} + \\
 & \frac{4 x^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-1-m), \frac{1-m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{1+m} + \frac{4 x^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{a m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 6, 381 leaves) :

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{1}{1+m} \\
 & x^{1+m} \left( \left( 4 (1+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{1+a x}{a^2}} \text{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 1+m, -a x, a x\right] \right) \Big/ \left( m (-1+a x)^{3/2} \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^2} + x^2} \left( 2 (1+m) \text{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 1+m, -a x, a x\right] + a x \left( 3 \text{AppellF1}\left[1+m, \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. \left. -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, 2+m, -a x, a x\right] + \text{AppellF1}\left[1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2+m, -a x, a x\right] \right) \right) \Big) + \\
 & \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right] - \left( 6 (1+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \sqrt{1-a x} \right. \\
 & \left. \sqrt{\frac{1+a x}{a^2}} \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2} \text{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+m, -a x, a x\right] \right) \Big/ \\
 & \left( m (-1+a x)^{3/2} \sqrt{1+a x} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^2} + x^2} \left( 2 (1+m) \text{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+m, -a x, a x\right] + \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. a x \left( \text{AppellF1}\left[1+m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2+m, -a x, a x\right] + \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. \left. \text{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\left\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right\}, \left\{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right\}, a^2 x^2\right]\right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

**Problem 135:** Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{\text{ArcCoth}[a x]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 74 leaves, 4 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-1-m), \frac{1-m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{1+m} + \frac{x^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{a m}$$

Result (type 6, 232 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{1+m} x^{1+m} \left( \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right] - \right. \\ \left. \left( 2 (1+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \sqrt{1 - a x} \sqrt{\frac{1+a x}{a^2}} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \text{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+m, -a x, a x\right] \right) \right. \\ \left. \left( m (-1+a x)^{3/2} \sqrt{1+a x} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^2} + x^2} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left( 2 (1+m) \text{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+m, -a x, a x\right] + a x \left( \text{AppellF1}\left[1+m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. 2+m, -a x, a x\right] + \text{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\left\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right\}, \left\{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right\}, a^2 x^2\right]\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

**Problem 136:** Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{-\text{ArcCoth}[a x]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 75 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-1-m), \frac{1-m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{1+m} - \frac{x^m \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{a m}$$

Result (type 6, 199 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{1+m} x^{1+m} \left( \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right] + \right. \\ \left. \left( 2 (1+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{-1+a x}{a^2}} \text{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+m, a x, -a x\right] \right) \right. \\ \left. \left( m \sqrt{1+a x} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^2} + x^2} \left( -2 (1+m) \text{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+m, a x, -a x\right] + a x \left( \text{AppellF1}\left[1+m, \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2+m, a x, -a x\right] + \text{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\left\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right\}, \left\{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}\right\}, a^2 x^2\right]\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

**Problem 138:** Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{-3 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 150 leaves, 9 steps) :

$$-\frac{3 x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-1-m), \frac{1-m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{1+m} + \frac{x^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{a m} + \\ -\frac{4 x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-1-m), \frac{1-m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{1+m} - \frac{4 x^m \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{m}{2}, 1-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right]}{a m}$$

Result (type 6, 349 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{1+m} \\ x^{1+m} \left( \left( 4 (1+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{a^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 1+m, ax, -ax\right] \right) / \left( m (1+ax)^{3/2} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^2} + x^2} \left( 2 (1+m) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 1+m, ax, -ax\right] - ax \left( 3 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1+m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, 2+m, ax, -ax\right] + \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1+m, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2+m, ax, -ax\right] \right) \right) \right) + \\ \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-\frac{m}{2}, \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right] + \left( 6 (1+m)^2 \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \right. \\ \left. \left. \sqrt{\frac{-1+ax}{a^2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+m, ax, -ax\right] \right) / \right. \\ \left. \left( m \sqrt{1+ax} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{a^2} + x^2} \left( -2 (1+m) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1+m, ax, -ax\right] + ax \left( \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1+m, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2+m, ax, -ax\right] + \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\left\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right\}, \left\{\frac{3}{2}+\frac{m}{2}\right\}, a^2 x^2\right]\right) \right) \right)$$

**Problem 139:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{5}{e^2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax] x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 41 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{5}{4}, -m, \frac{1}{ax}, -\frac{1}{ax}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 16 leaves) :

$$\int e^{\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

### Problem 140: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 41 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}, -m, \frac{1}{ax}, -\frac{1}{ax}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 16 leaves) :

$$\int e^{\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

### Problem 141: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 41 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, \frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}, -m, \frac{1}{ax}, -\frac{1}{ax}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 16 leaves) :

$$\int e^{\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

### Problem 142: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 41 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, -\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, -m, \frac{1}{ax}, -\frac{1}{ax}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 16 leaves) :

$$\int e^{-\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

### Problem 143: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{-\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 41 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, -\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, -m, \frac{1}{ax}, -\frac{1}{ax}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 16 leaves) :

$$\int e^{-\frac{3}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

### Problem 144: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{-\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 41 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, -\frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -m, \frac{1}{ax}, -\frac{1}{ax}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 16 leaves) :

$$\int e^{-\frac{5}{2} \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

### Problem 145: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 34 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, -m, \frac{1}{x}, -\frac{1}{x}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 14 leaves) :

$$\int e^{\frac{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} x^m dx$$

### Problem 146: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{\frac{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 34 leaves, 2 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, \frac{1}{6}, -\frac{1}{6}, -m, \frac{1}{x}, -\frac{1}{x}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int e^{\frac{\text{ArcCoth}[x]}{3}} x^m dx$$

Problem 147: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{\frac{1}{4} \text{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 41 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, \frac{1}{8}, -\frac{1}{8}, -m, \frac{1}{ax}, -\frac{1}{ax}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 16 leaves):

$$\int e^{\frac{1}{4} \text{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Problem 148: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \text{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 45 leaves, 2 steps):

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \text{AppellF1}\left[-1-m, \frac{n}{2}, -\frac{n}{2}, -m, \frac{1}{ax}, -\frac{1}{ax}\right]}{1+m}$$

Result (type 8, 14 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \text{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m dx$$

Problem 211: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{-2 \text{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{c - a c x} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 14 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{Log}[1+ax]}{a c}$$

Result (type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int \frac{e^{-2 \text{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{c - a c x} dx$$

Problem 212: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{-2 \text{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{(c - a c x)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 12 leaves, 4 steps) :

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTanh}[ax]}{a c^2}$$

Result (type 8, 20 leaves) :

$$\int \frac{e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{(c - a c x)^2} dx$$

**Problem 295:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m \sqrt{c - a c x} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 65 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$\frac{2 x^{1+m} \sqrt{c - a c x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} - m, -\frac{1}{2} - m, -\frac{1}{a x}\right]}{(3 + 2 m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}}$$

Result (type 8, 23 leaves) :

$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m \sqrt{c - a c x} dx$$

**Problem 335:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m \sqrt{c - a c x} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 131 leaves, 4 steps) :

$$\frac{2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{a x}} x^{1+m} \sqrt{c - a c x}}{(3 + 2 m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}} - \frac{2 (5 + 4 m) x^m \sqrt{c - a c x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} - m, \frac{1}{2} - m, -\frac{1}{a x}\right]}{a (1 + 2 m) (3 + 2 m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a x}}}$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves) :

$$\int e^{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m \sqrt{c - a c x} dx$$

**Problem 359:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{2+\frac{n}{2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 278 leaves, 6 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\left(56 + 14n + n^2\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-2-\frac{n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} (c - a c x)^{\frac{4+n}{2}}}{a (4+n) (6+n)} + \\
& \frac{2 \left(56 + 14n + n^2\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-2-\frac{n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} (c - a c x)^{\frac{4+n}{2}}}{a^2 (6+n) (8+6n+n^2) x} + \\
& \frac{(8+n) \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-2-\frac{n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x (c - a c x)^{\frac{4+n}{2}}}{6+n} - \frac{\left(a - \frac{1}{x}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-2-\frac{n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x (c - a c x)^{\frac{4+n}{2}}}{a}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{2+\frac{n}{2}} dx$$

Problem 360: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{1+\frac{n}{2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 127 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2 (6+n) \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} (c - a c x)^{\frac{2+n}{2}}}{a (2+n) (4+n)} + \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x (c - a c x)^{\frac{2+n}{2}}}{4+n}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{1+\frac{n}{2}} dx$$

Problem 362: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 80 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{n} 2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1-\frac{n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{n/2} x (c - a c x)^{\frac{1}{2} (-2+n)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, -\frac{n}{2}, 1 - \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2}{\left(a + \frac{1}{x}\right) x}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}} dx$$

Problem 363: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{-2+\frac{n}{2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 88 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{2-n} - 2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{n-2}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}(-2+n)} x (c - a c x)^{\frac{1}{2}(-4+n)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2, 1 - \frac{n}{2}, 2 - \frac{n}{2}, \frac{2}{\left(a + \frac{1}{x}\right)x}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 26 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{-2+\frac{n}{2}} dx$$

**Problem 364:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 104 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{1+p} \left(\frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2p)} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-n/2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x (c - a c x)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}(n-2p), -1-p, -p, \frac{2}{\left(a + \frac{1}{x}\right)x}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 20 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^p dx$$

**Problem 365:** Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 81 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{a(8-n)} 32 c^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}(-8+n)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[5, 4 - \frac{n}{2}, 5 - \frac{n}{2}, \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 190 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{24 a (2+n)} c^3 e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} + \left( e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} n (-48 + 44 n - 12 n^2 + n^3) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 + \frac{n}{2}, 2 + \frac{n}{2}, e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] + (2+n) \left( a n^3 x + n^2 (-1 - 12 a x + a^2 x^2) + 2 n (6 + 21 a x - 6 a^2 x^2 + a^3 x^3) + 6 (-7 - 4 a x + 6 a^2 x^2 - 4 a^3 x^3 + a^4 x^4) + (-48 + 44 n - 12 n^2 + n^3) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{n}{2}, 1 + \frac{n}{2}, e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}\right] \right) \right)$$

### Problem 372: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{5/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 98 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2}{7} \left( \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} (-5+n)} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{-n/2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x \\ (c - a c x)^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ -\frac{7}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-5+n), -\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{\left(a + \frac{1}{x}\right) x} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 22 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{5/2} dx$$

### Problem 373: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 98 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2}{5} \left( \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} (-3+n)} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{-n/2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x \\ (c - a c x)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ -\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-3+n), -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{\left(a + \frac{1}{x}\right) x} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 22 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a c x)^{3/2} dx$$

### Problem 374: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \sqrt{c - a c x} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 98 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2} (-1+n)} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{-n/2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x \\ \sqrt{c - a c x} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-1+n), -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{\left(a + \frac{1}{x}\right) x} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 22 leaves):

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \sqrt{c - a c x}}{\sqrt{c - a c x}} dx$$

**Problem 375:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} dx}{\sqrt{c - a c x}}$$

Optimal (type 5, 96 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{c - a c x}} 2 \left( \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}} \right)^{\frac{1+n}{2}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{-n/2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{\left( a + \frac{1}{x} \right) x} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 22 leaves):

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} dx}{\sqrt{c - a c x}}$$

**Problem 376:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} dx}{(c - a c x)^{3/2}}$$

Optimal (type 5, 96 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{(c - a c x)^{3/2}} 2 \left( \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}} \right)^{\frac{3+n}{2}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{-n/2} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{\left( a + \frac{1}{x} \right) x} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 22 leaves):

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} dx}{(c - a c x)^{3/2}}$$

**Problem 377:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} dx}{(c - a c x)^{5/2}}$$

Optimal (type 5, 167 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{a \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{\frac{2-n}{2}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{\frac{2-n}{2}} x^2}{(3+n) (c - a c x)^{5/2}} + \\ & \left. \left( a \left( \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}} \right)^{\frac{3+n}{2}} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{\frac{2-n}{2}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{\frac{2-n}{2}} x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{\left( a + \frac{1}{x} \right) x} \right] \right) \middle/ \right. \\ & \left. \left( (3+n) (c - a c x)^{5/2} \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 22 leaves):

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{(c - a c x)^{5/2}} dx$$

**Problem 378:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{(c - a c x)^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 245 leaves, 5 steps) :

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{a \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{2-n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x^2}{(5+n) (c - a c x)^{7/2}} + \frac{3 a^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{4-n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x^3}{2 (15+8 n+n^2) (c - a c x)^{7/2}} - \\ & \left. \left( 3 a^2 \left(\frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}}\right)^{\frac{3+n}{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{4-n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} x^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{\left(a + \frac{1}{x}\right) x}\right] \right) \middle/ \right. \\ & \left. (2 (15+8 n+n^2) (c - a c x)^{7/2}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 22 leaves) :

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{(c - a c x)^{7/2}} dx$$

**Problem 426:** Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{\left(c - \frac{c}{a x}\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 18 leaves, 6 steps) :

$$\frac{x}{c^2} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTanh}[a x]}{a c^2}$$

Result (type 3, 39 leaves) :

$$\frac{x}{c^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1 - a x]}{2 a c^2} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1 + a x]}{2 a c^2}$$

**Problem 545:** Attempted integration timed out after 120 seconds.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \left(c - \frac{c}{a x}\right)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 111 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\left( \left( 2^{\frac{5-n}{2}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{ax} \right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} \left( c - \frac{c}{ax} \right)^{3/2} \text{AppellF1}\left[ \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-3+n), 2, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{a+x}{2a}, 1 + \frac{1}{ax} \right] \right) \right. \\ \left. \left( a (2+n) \left( 1 - \frac{1}{ax} \right)^{3/2} \right) \right)$$

Result (type 1, 1 leaves) :

???

**Problem 546:** Attempted integration timed out after 120 seconds.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \sqrt{c - \frac{c}{ax}} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 111 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\left( \left( 2^{\frac{3-n}{2}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{ax} \right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} \sqrt{c - \frac{c}{ax}} \text{AppellF1}\left[ \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (-1+n), 2, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{a+x}{2a}, 1 + \frac{1}{ax} \right] \right) \right. \\ \left. \left( a (2+n) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} \right) \right)$$

Result (type 1, 1 leaves) :

???

**Problem 547:** Attempted integration timed out after 120 seconds.

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{\sqrt{c - \frac{c}{ax}}} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 111 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\frac{2^{\frac{1-n}{2}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{ax}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{ax} \right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} \text{AppellF1}\left[ \frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{1+n}{2}, 2, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{a+x}{2a}, 1 + \frac{1}{ax} \right]}{a (2+n) \sqrt{c - \frac{c}{ax}}}$$

Result (type 1, 1 leaves) :

???

### Problem 548: Attempted integration timed out after 120 seconds.

$$\int \frac{e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]}}{\left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 111 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{2^{-\frac{1-n}{2}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, 2, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{a+\frac{1}{x}}{2a}, 1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right]}{a (2+n) \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^{3/2}}$$

Result (type 1, 1 leaves):

???

### Problem 549: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 110 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{a (2+n)} \\ 2^{1-\frac{n}{2}+p} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{\frac{2+n}{2}} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[\frac{2+n}{2}, \frac{1}{2} (n-2p), 2, \frac{4+n}{2}, \frac{a+\frac{1}{x}}{2a}, 1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

### Problem 550: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{2p \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 67 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{a (1+p)} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1+p} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2, 1+p, 2+p, 1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves):

$$\int e^{2p \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

### Problem 551: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{-2p \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 93 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{a(1-p)} 4^p \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1-p} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left[1-p, -2p, 2, 2-p, \frac{a+\frac{1}{x}}{2a}, 1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves) :

$$\int e^{-2p \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

**Problem 552:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 57 leaves, 7 steps) :

$$\left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p x + \frac{(2-p) \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, p, 1+p, 1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right]}{ap}$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves) :

$$\int e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

**Problem 553:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 90 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{3a} 2^{\frac{1}{2}+p} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{3/2} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-p, 2, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{a+\frac{1}{x}}{2a}, 1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 22 leaves) :

$$\int e^{\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

**Problem 554:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 88 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{a} 2^{\frac{3}{2}+p} \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{-p} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{ax}} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}-p, 2, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{a+\frac{1}{x}}{2a}, 1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves) :

$$\int e^{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{ax}\right)^p dx$$

### Problem 555: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \left(c - \frac{c}{a x}\right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 114 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\frac{\left(c - \frac{c}{a x}\right)^{2+p} x}{c^2} + \frac{\left(c - \frac{c}{a x}\right)^{2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 2+p, 3+p, \frac{a^{-1}}{2 a}\right]}{2 a c^2 (2+p)} - \frac{\left(c - \frac{c}{a x}\right)^{2+p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 2+p, 3+p, 1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right]}{a c^2}$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \left(c - \frac{c}{a x}\right)^p dx$$

### Problem 569: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 16 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{a c (1 - a x)}$$

Result (type 3, 18 leaves):

$$\frac{e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{2 a c}$$

### Problem 584: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (c - a^2 c x^2)^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 17 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{c^2 (1 + a x)^5}{5 a}$$

Result (type 1, 49 leaves):

$$c^2 x + 2 a c^2 x^2 + 2 a^2 c^2 x^3 + a^3 c^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{5} a^4 c^2 x^5$$

### Problem 586: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 13 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$\frac{x}{c (1 - a x)^2}$$

Result (type 3, 18 leaves) :

$$\frac{e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{4 a c}$$

**Problem 602:** Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 1, 14 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$\frac{1}{a c (1 + a x)}$$

Result (type 3, 18 leaves) :

$$-\frac{e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{2 a c}$$

**Problem 647:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{e^{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 37 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} \times \operatorname{Log}[1 + a x]}{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}$$

Result (type 8, 26 leaves) :

$$\int \frac{e^{-\operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}}{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}} dx$$

**Problem 730:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{3 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 136 leaves, 5 steps) :

$$\frac{3 x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{a (1 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}} + \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{(2 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}} - \frac{4 x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 1 + m, 2 + m, a x]}{a (1 + m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}$$

Result (type 8, 29 leaves) :

$$\int e^{3 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

Problem 731: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 172 leaves, 8 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{2 + m} - \frac{c (3 + 2 m) x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, a^2 x^2\right]}{(1 + m) (2 + m) \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}} -$$

$$\frac{2 a c x^{2+m} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, a^2 x^2\right]}{(2 + m) \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}$$

Result (type 6, 192 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{1 + m} x^{1+m} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, a^2 x^2\right]}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} + \right.$$

$$\left( 4 (2 + m) \sqrt{-c (1 + a x)} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1 + m, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + m, a x, -a x\right] \right) /$$

$$\left( \sqrt{-1 + a x} \left( 2 (2 + m) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1 + m, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + m, a x, -a x\right] + a x \left( \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2 + m, \frac{3}{2}, \right. \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left. -\frac{1}{2}, 3 + m, a x, -a x\right] + \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\left\{\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2}\right\}, \left\{2 + \frac{m}{2}\right\}, a^2 x^2\right]\right)\right)$$

Problem 734: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 172 leaves, 8 steps) :

$$\frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{2 + m} - \frac{c (3 + 2 m) x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, a^2 x^2\right]}{(1 + m) (2 + m) \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}} +$$

$$\frac{2 a c x^{2+m} \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, a^2 x^2\right]}{(2 + m) \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}$$

Result (type 6, 191 leaves) :

$$\frac{1}{1+m} x^{1+m} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2}, \frac{3+m}{2}, a^2 x^2\right]}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} + \right. \\ \left. \left( 4 (2+m) \sqrt{c - a c x} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1+m, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2+m, -a x, a x\right] \right) \middle/ \right. \\ \left. \left( \sqrt{1 + a x} \left( -2 (2+m) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[1+m, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2+m, -a x, a x\right] + a x \left( \operatorname{AppellF1}\left[2+m, \frac{3}{2}, \right. \right. \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. \left. -\frac{1}{2}, 3+m, -a x, a x\right] + \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ}\left[\left\{\frac{1}{2}, 1+\frac{m}{2}\right\}, \left\{2+\frac{m}{2}\right\}, a^2 x^2\right]\right)\right)\right)$$

**Problem 735: Unable to integrate problem.**

$$\int e^{-3 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 137 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{3 x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{a (1+m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}} + \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2}}{(2+m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}} + \\ \frac{4 x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1+m, 2+m, -a x\right]}{a (1+m) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}}}$$

Result (type 8, 29 leaves):

$$\int e^{-3 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} x^m \sqrt{c - a^2 c x^2} dx$$

**Problem 736: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.**

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (c - a^2 c x^2)^3 dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 81 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{a (8-n)} 256 c^3 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{4-\frac{n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2} (-8+n)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[8, 4 - \frac{n}{2}, 5 - \frac{n}{2}, \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 267 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{1}{5040 a} \\
& c^3 e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \left( -912 n + 58 n^3 - n^5 - 5040 a x + 912 a n^2 x - 58 a n^4 x + a n^6 x + 1368 a^2 n x^2 - 64 a^2 n^3 x^2 + \right. \\
& a^2 n^5 x^2 + 5040 a^3 x^3 - 152 a^3 n^2 x^3 + 2 a^3 n^4 x^3 - 576 a^4 n x^4 + 6 a^4 n^3 x^4 - 3024 a^5 x^5 + \\
& 24 a^5 n^2 x^5 + 120 a^6 n x^6 + 720 a^7 x^7 + e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} n \left( -1152 + 576 n + 104 n^2 - 52 n^3 - 2 n^4 + n^5 \right) \\
& \left. \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 + \frac{n}{2}, 2 + \frac{n}{2}, e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right] + \right. \\
& \left. (-2304 + 784 n^2 - 56 n^4 + n^6) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{n}{2}, 1 + \frac{n}{2}, e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

**Problem 737:** Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (c - a^2 c x^2)^2 dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 81 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{a (6-n)} 64 c^2 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{3-n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}(-6+n)} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[6, 3 - \frac{n}{2}, 4 - \frac{n}{2}, \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}}\right]$$

Result (type 5, 179 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{120 a} c^2 e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \\
& \left( 22 n - n^3 + 120 a x - 22 a n^2 x + a n^4 x - 28 a^2 n x^2 + a^2 n^3 x^2 - 80 a^3 x^3 + 2 a^3 n^2 x^3 + 6 a^4 n x^4 + 24 a^5 x^5 + \right. \\
& e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} n \left( 32 - 16 n - 2 n^2 + n^3 \right) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, 1 + \frac{n}{2}, 2 + \frac{n}{2}, e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right] + \\
& \left. (64 - 20 n^2 + n^4) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[1, \frac{n}{2}, 1 + \frac{n}{2}, e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]}\right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

**Problem 744:** Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (c - a^2 c x^2)^{3/2} dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 116 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left. \left( 32 \left(1 - \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{5-n}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{a x}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}(-5+n)} (c - a^2 c x^2)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[5, \frac{5-n}{2}, \frac{7-n}{2}, \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}}\right] \right) \right/ \\
& \left( a^4 (5-n) \left(1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{3/2} x^3 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 5, 280 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{192 a (c - a^2 c x^2)^{3/2}} \left[ \begin{aligned} & c^2 \left( 96 a^3 c \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)^{3/2} x^3 \left( a e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x (n + a x) + 2 e^{(1+n) \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. (-1 + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ 1, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \right] \right) - c (-1 + a^2 x^2) \right. \\ & \left( 2 e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (-1 + a^2 x^2)^2 \left( -a (-21 + n^2) x + 2 n (1 - n^2 + (3 + n^2) \operatorname{Cosh}[2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]]) + \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. a (3 + n^2) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x \operatorname{Cosh}[3 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]] \right) + 16 a e^{(1+n) \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \right. \\ & \left. \left. (-3 + 3 n - n^2 + n^3) \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}} x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ 1, \frac{1+n}{2}, \frac{3+n}{2}, e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} \right] \right) \right]$$

**Problem 762: Unable to integrate problem.**

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (c - a^2 c x^2)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 127 leaves, 3 steps):

$$\frac{1}{1+2p} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2} \right)^{-p} \left( \frac{a - \frac{1}{x}}{a + \frac{1}{x}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}(n-2p)} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{-\frac{n}{2}+p} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{a x} \right)^{1+\frac{n}{2}+p} x \\ (c - a^2 c x^2)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ -1 - 2p, \frac{1}{2}(n-2p), -2p, \frac{2}{(a + \frac{1}{x})x} \right]$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves):

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (c - a^2 c x^2)^p dx$$

**Problem 765: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.**

$$\int e^{4 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[a x]} (c - a^2 c x^2)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 63 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{1}{a(1-p)} 2^{2+p} c (1 + a x)^{1-p} (c - a^2 c x^2)^{-1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[ -2 - p, -1 + p, p, \frac{1}{2} (1 - a x) \right]$$

Result (type 5, 159 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{a(1+p)} \left( -(-1+ax)^2 \right)^{-p} (-2+2ax)^p (1-a^2x^2)^{-p} \\ (c-a^2cx^2)^p \left( a(1+p) \times \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{ax}{2} \right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[ \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, a^2x^2 \right] - \right. \\ \left. (1+ax)(1-a^2x^2)^p \left( 2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [1-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{1}{2}(1+ax)] - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [2-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{1}{2}(1+ax)] \right) \right)$$

**Problem 767: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.**

$$\int e^{2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a^2 c x^2)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 54 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{1}{ap} 2^{1+p} (1+ax)^{-p} (c-a^2cx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [-1-p, p, 1+p, \frac{1}{2}(1-ax)]$$

Result (type 5, 133 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{a(1+p)} \left( -(-1+ax)^2 \right)^{-p} (-2+2ax)^p (1-a^2x^2)^{-p} \\ (c-a^2cx^2)^p \left( a(1+p) \times \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{ax}{2} \right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[ \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, a^2x^2 \right] - \right. \\ \left. (1+ax)(1-a^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [1-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{1}{2}(1+ax)] \right)$$

**Problem 770: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.**

$$\int e^{-2 \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} (c - a^2 c x^2)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 55 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{1}{ap} 2^{1+p} (1-ax)^{-p} (c-a^2cx^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [-1-p, p, 1+p, \frac{1}{2}(1+ax)]$$

Result (type 5, 125 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{a(1+p)} 2^p (1+ax)^{-p} (1-a^2x^2)^{-p} (c-a^2cx^2)^p \\ \left( a(1+p) \times \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{ax}{2} \right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left[ \frac{1}{2}, -p, \frac{3}{2}, a^2x^2 \right] - \right. \\ \left. (-1+ax)(1-a^2x^2)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1} [1-p, 1+p, 2+p, \frac{1}{2}-\frac{ax}{2}] \right)$$

**Problem 933: Unable to integrate problem.**

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left( c - \frac{c}{a^2 x^2} \right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 6, 116 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{a(2+n+2p)} 2^{1-\frac{n}{2}+p} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{c}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p \\ \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1+\frac{n}{2}+p} \text{AppellF1}\left[1 + \frac{n}{2} + p, \frac{1}{2} (n - 2p), 2, 2 + \frac{n}{2} + p, \frac{a + \frac{1}{x}}{2a}, 1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 24 leaves) :

$$\int e^{n \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p dx$$

**Problem 934:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{-2p \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 76 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$\frac{1}{a(1+2p)} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{c}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p \left(1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1+2p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2, 1+2p, 2(1+p), 1 - \frac{1}{ax}\right]$$

Result (type 8, 25 leaves) :

$$\int e^{-2p \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p dx$$

**Problem 935:** Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int e^{2p \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p dx$$

Optimal (type 5, 75 leaves, 3 steps) :

$$-\frac{1}{a(1+2p)} \left(1 - \frac{1}{a^2 x^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{c}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right)^{1+2p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left[2, 1+2p, 2(1+p), 1 + \frac{1}{ax}\right]$$

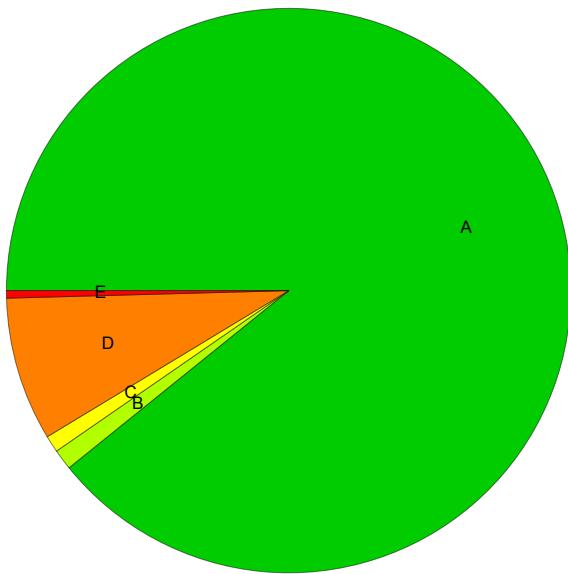
Result (type 8, 25 leaves) :

$$\int e^{2p \operatorname{ArcCoth}[ax]} \left(c - \frac{c}{a^2 x^2}\right)^p dx$$

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## Summary of Integration Test Results

935 integration problems



A - 834 optimal antiderivatives

B - 11 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives

C - 9 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 77 unable to integrate problems

E - 4 integration timeouts